ARTICLE 1: POLICY, SHORT TITLE, AND **DEFINITIONS**

SECTION 1.01 POLICY Adopted 03/13/68 (12)* Revised 11/10/71 (135), 10/10/73 (214), 09/09/99 (895)

The Puget Sound Clean Air Agency, consisting of the counties of Pierce, King, Snohomish, and Kitsap, having been activated by the Washington Clean Air Act, RCW 70.94, adopts the following Regulation to control the emission of air contaminants from all sources within the jurisdiction of the Agency, to provide for the uniform administration and enforcement of this Regulation, and to carry out the requirements and purposes of the Washington Clean Air Act and the Federal Clean Air Act.

It is hereby declared to be the public policy of the Puget Sound Clean Air Agency to secure and maintain such levels of air quality as will protect human health and safety and, to the greatest degree practicable, prevent injury to plant and animal life and to property, foster the comfort and convenience of its inhabitants, seek public participation in policy planning and implementation, promote the economic and social development of the Puget Sound area, and facilitate the enjoyment of the natural attractions of the Puget Sound area.

SECTION 1.03 NAME OF AGENCY Adopted 03/13/68 (12)

Revised 10/08/98 (872), 09/09/99 (895)

The name of the multicounty air pollution control agency comprised of the activated or inactivated air pollution control authorities of King County, Kitsap County, Pierce County, Snohomish County, and such other counties whose air pollution control authorities may now or later merge with this multicounty authority shall be known and cited as the "Puget Sound Clean Air Agency" or "Agency".

SECTION 1.05 SHORT TITLE Adopted 03/13/68 (12)

This Regulation may be known and cited as "Regulation I of the Puget Sound Clean Air Agency".

05/04 1-1 Regulation I

^{*}Numbers in parentheses are Resolution #s.

SECTION 1.07 DEFINITIONS Adopted 03/13/68 (12)

Revised 07/08/70 (126), 11/10/71 (135), 04/12/72 (141), 05/10/72 (142), 06/13/73 (194), 03/18/76 (361), 03/13/80 (461), 10/13/83 (547), 05/10/84 (556), 02/13/86 (597), 11/12/87 (616), 06/09/88 (621), 11/10/88 (634), 12/08/88 (636), 01/12/89 (639), 08/10/89 (644), 06/13/91 (700), 01/09/92 (716), 11/19/92 (738), 04/14/94 (784), 10/08/98 (872), 03/11/99 (880), 09/09/99 (895), 03/25/04 (1024), 09/27/18 (1394)

When used herein:

- **AGENCY** means the Puget Sound Clean Air Agency.
- AIR CONTAMINANT means dust, fumes, mist, smoke, other particulate matter, vapor, gas, odorous substance, or any combination thereof.
- **AIR POLLUTION** means the presence in the outdoor atmosphere of one or more air contaminants in sufficient quantities and of such characteristics and duration as is, or is likely to be, injurious to human health, plant or animal life, or property, or which unreasonably interferes with enjoyment of life and Air pollution shall not include air contaminants emitted in compliance with chapter 17.21 RCW, the Washington Pesticide Application Act, which regulates the application and control of the use of various pesticides.
- (d) **AMBIENT** AIR means the surrounding outside air.
- **BOARD** means the Board of Directors of the Puget Sound Clean Air Agency.
- COMBUSTIBLE REFUSE means solid or liquid combustible waste (f) material.
- **CONTROL EQUIPMENT** means any device which prevents or controls (g) the emission of any air contaminant.
- **CONTROL OFFICER** means the Air Pollution Control Officer of the (h) Puget Sound Clean Air Agency.
- (i) **EMISSION** means a release of air contaminants into the ambient air.
- EMISSION STANDARD means a requirement established under the (j) Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA) or chapter 70.94 RCW that limits the quantity, rate, or concentration of emissions of air contaminants on a continuous basis, including any requirement relating to the operation or maintenance of a source to assure continuous emission reduction and any design, equipment, work practice, or operational standard adopted under the FCAA or chapter 70.94 RCW.
- (k) **EQUIPMENT** or **EMISSIONS UNIT** means any part of a stationary source or source that emits or would have the potential to emit any pollutant subject to regulation under the federal Clean Air Act, chapter 70.94 or 70.98 RCW.

- (1) **FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT** means equipment that produces hot air, hot water, steam, or other heated fluids by external combustion of fuel.
- (m) **GASOLINE** means a petroleum distillate that is a liquid at standard conditions and has a true vapor pressure greater than 4 pounds per square inch absolute at 20°C, and is used as a fuel for internal combustion engines. Also any liquid sold as a vehicle fuel with a true vapor pressure greater than 4 pounds per square inch absolute at 20°C shall be considered "gasoline" for purpose of this regulation.
- (n) **GASOLINE STATION** means any site dispensing gasoline into motor vehicle, marine vessel, or aircraft fuel tanks from stationary storage tanks.
- (o) **HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANT** means any air pollutant listed in or pursuant to section 112(b) of the federal Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. §7412.
- (p) **MOTOR VEHICLE** means any operating vehicle or one capable of being operated that has its own self-contained sources of motive power, is designed for the transportation of people or property, and is of the type for which a license is required for operation on a highway.
- (q) **MULTIPLE CHAMBER INCINERATOR** means a furnace for the destruction of waste consisting of three or more refractory-lined combustion chambers in series, physically separated by refractory walls, interconnected by gas passage ports or ducts, and employing adequate design parameters necessary for maximum combustion of the material to be burned.
- (r) **OWNER** or **OPERATOR** means the person who owns, leases, supervises, or operates the equipment or control equipment.
- (s) **PERSON** means an individual, firm, public or private corporation, association, partnership, political subdivision, municipality, or government agency.
- means the lowest emission standard that a particular source or source category is capable of meeting by the application of control technology that is reasonably available considering technological and economic feasibility. RACT is determined on a case-by-case basis for an individual source or source category taking into account the impact of the source upon air quality, the availability of additional controls, the emission reduction to be achieved by additional controls, the impact of additional controls on air quality, and the capital and operating costs of the additional controls. RACT requirements for any source or source category shall be adopted only after notice and opportunity for comment are afforded.
- (u) **REFUSE BURNING EQUIPMENT** means equipment employed to burn any solid or liquid combustible refuse.

- (v) **SOURCE** means all of the emissions unit(s) including quantifiable fugitive emissions, that are located on one or more contiguous or adjacent properties, and are under the control of the same person or persons under common control, whose activities are ancillary to the production of a single product or functionally related group of products. Activities shall be considered ancillary to the production of a single product or functionally related group of products if they belong to the same major group (i.e., which have the same 2-digit code) as described in the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1972, as amended by the 1977 supplement.
- (w) TOXIC AIR POLLUTANT (TAP) or "toxic air contaminant" means any toxic air pollutant listed in WAC 173-460-150. The term toxic air pollutant may include particulate matter and volatile organic compounds if an individual substance or a group of substances within either of these classes is listed in WAC 173-460-150. The term toxic air pollutant does not include particulate matter and volatile organic compounds as generic classes of compounds.
- (x) **TRUE VAPOR PRESSURE** means the equilibrium partial pressure of a petroleum liquid as determined by methods described in American Petroleum Institute Bulletin 2517, "Evaporative Loss from External Floating Roof Tanks", May 1996.
- (y) **URBANIZED AREA** means those portions of King, Pierce, Kitsap, and Snohomish Counties designated as urbanized areas by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
- (z) **VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND** or **VOC** means an organic compound that participates in atmospheric photochemical reactions as defined in 40 CFR 51.100(s) in effect as of the federal regulation reference date listed in Section 3.25 of this regulation herein incorporated by reference.